#### BEFORE THE ILLINOIS POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

<b>NOTICE OF FILING</b>	
Respondents.	ý
	)
a dissolved Illinois corporation,	)
COMMUNITY LANDFILL COMPANY	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
municipal corporation, and	) (Enforcement-Land)
The CITY OF MORRIS, an Illinois	)
	) PCB No. 11-50
V.	)
Complainant,	)
Complainant,	)
PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS	S, )

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on August 30, 2021, Complainant filed its Motion for Leave

to file Surreply and Proposed Surreply in Support of Complainant's Motion to File First Amended

Complaint, a copy of which is attached hereto and served upon you.

PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS KWAME RAOUL Attorney General of the State of Illinois

MATTHEW J. DUNN, Chief Environmental Enforcement/Asbestos Litigation Division

STEPHEN SYLVESTER, Chief Environmental Bureau Assistant Attorney General

BY: <u>/s/ Christopher Grant</u> CHRISTOPHER GRANT Senior Assistant Attorney General Environmental Bureau 69 W. Washington St., 18th Floor Chicago, Illinois 60602 (312) 814-5388 Christopher.grant@ilag.gov

### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I, Christopher Grant, an attorney, certify that I caused to be served a copy of Complainant's Motion for Leave to file Surreply and Proposed Surreply in Support of Complainant's Motion to File First Amended Complaint, and Notice of Filing, upon those persons listed below by electronic mail on August 30, 2021

Service List:

For City of Morris Mr. Richard Porter Rporter@hinshawlaw.com

Mr. Christopher Dearth christopher.dearth@comcast.net

For the Illinois Pollution Control Board Brad.halloran@Illinois.gov

> BY: <u>s/ Christopher Grant</u> CHRISTOPHER GRANT Senior Assistant Attorney General Environmental Bureau 69 W. Washington St., 18th Floor Chicago, Illinois 60602 (312) 814-5388 Christopher.grant@ilag.gov

#### BEFORE THE ILLINOIS POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

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Complainant,	) ) )
v.	) ) PCB No. 11-50
The CITY OF MORRIS, an Illinois	) 100 No. 11-50
municipal corporation, and	) (Enforcement-Land)
COMMUNITY LANDFILL COMPANY, INC., a dissolved Illinois corporation,	)
	)
Respondents.	)

#### MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE SURREPLY AND PROPOSED SURREPLY IN SUPPORT OF COMPLAINANT'S MOTION TO FILE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

NOW COMES Complainant, PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, by KWAME RAOUL, Attorney General of the State of Illinois, and seeks leave to file the attached Surreply in Support of Complainant's Motion to File First Amended Complaint. In support of its request, Complainant states as follows:

#### I. MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE SURREPLY

Although the Board procedural rules do not expressly provide for filing of a surreply, the Board considers requests for filing surreplies in accordance with 35 III. Adm. Code 101.500(e) and will grant leave for a surreply "to prevent material prejudice". *People v. Atkinson Landfill Co*, PCB 13-20 (January 9, 2014, *slip op.* at 4); (citing *City of Quincy v. Illinois EPA*, PCB 08-86 (June 17, 2010, *slip op.* at 3)); *Chicago Coke Company v. Illinois* EPA PCB 10-75 (July 15, 2010, *slip op.* at 1). The Board will also grant leave to file a surreply to correct misstatements in the record. *Illinois Ayers Oil Company v. Illinois EPA*, PCB 03-214 (August 5, 2004, *slip op.* at 2).

On August 28, 2020, Complainant filed it Motion to File First Amended Complaint.<sup>1</sup> On September 11, 2020, Morris filed its Response to Complainant's Motion. In its Response, Morris claimed that the Board should not grant the State's Motion pursuant to 35 ILCS 5/6-619(a)(3), because of an "earlier filed case", which Morris filed on August 14, 2020, styled as *City of Morris v. People of the State of Illinois and Illinois Environmental Protection Agency*, 2020 CH 31 (Grundy County) ("Declaratory Judgment Case"). (*Response* at pp. 9-10) Morris filed the Declaratory Judgment Case to attempt to pre-empt the State's enforcement of violations noted in a 2013 Illinois EPA-issued violation notice ("2013 VN"). Some, but not all, of the violations noted in the 2013 VN were updated and included in the proposed Amended Complaint that is the subject of Complainant's Motion to File First Amended Complaint in this matter.

Recently, on August 25, 2021, the Circuit Court granted the State's Motion to Dismiss the Declaratory Judgment Case. As the Board has not yet ruled on Complainant's Motion to File First Amended Complaint, Complainant will be prejudiced if it considers Morris's argument that 735 ILCS 5/2-619(a)(3) prevents it from granting the State's Motion to Amend (*Response* at pp. 9-10). Accordingly, Complainant's surreply advises the Board of this recent significant development. In addition, while Morris's claim of a pending case involving the "same cause pending in a different forum" was not a "misstatement" at the time it filed its Response on September 11, 2020, this representation now misstates a material fact.

To the extent that the Board found any merit with Morris's argument that 735 ILCS 5/2-619(a)(3) should preclude it from granting Complainant's Motion to File First Amended Complaint (i.e. because there was another cause of action pending in another venue), that issue no

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Also, at that time, Complainant filed its Motion for Voluntary Dismissal of Respondent Community Landfill Company, Inc.

longer exists. The Grundy County Circuit Court's dismissal of Morris's Declaratory Judgment Case is an important development that the Board should be aware of and take into consideration when it is ruling on Complainant's Motion to File First Amended Complaint. Accordingly, the Board should grant this Motion to file Complainant's Surreply in Support of its Motion to File First Amended Complaint.

#### II. COMPLAINANT'S SURREPLY

In its Response to Complainant's Motion to File First Amended Complaint, Morris argued that the Board should deny the People's Motion pursuant to 735 ILCS 5/2-619(a)(3), because the "State's Proposed Violations Alleged in Counts I to III and Counts VIII to XIII are Barred Because a Cause of Action is Already Pending in Another Venue." (*Response* at pp. 9-10) The case that Morris was relying on to support this argument is its Declaratory Judgment Case. That argument is no longer available to Morris, because on August 25, 2021, the Court dismissed Morris's Declaratory Judgment Case. A true and correct copy of the Order and Transcript of the August 25, 2021 Ruling is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>. The Court dismissed the case finding a lack of justiciability and that the case was not ripe. (Ex. A, Order at p. 1, ¶2; Ruling Transcript at 2:16-17, 4:19-21)<sup>2</sup>

Accordingly, the Board should reject Morris's argument opposing the Complainant's Motion for Leave to File First Amended Complaint based on Morris's assertion that its Declaratory Judgment Case was pending in another venue. In addition, for all the reasons stated in Complainant's Motion for Leave to File First Amended Complaint, its Reply in Support, and this Surreply in Support, the Board should grant the Motion for Leave to File First Amended

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Judge Peterson states that Morris's Declaratory Judgment case is like *Alternate Fuels* (4:19-20), but later in the Ruling, he clarifies that Morris's case is more like *National Marine* (7:23-8:2).

Complaint, as expeditiously as possible.

WHEREFORE, Complainant, PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, respectfully requests that the Board grant Complainant's: 1) Motion for Leave to file its Surreply, 2) Motion to File Amended Complaint, and 3) grant such other relief as the Board deems appropriate.

**RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED** 

PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS by KWAME RAOUL, Attorney General of the State of Illinois

MATTHEW J. DUNN, Chief Environmental Enforcement/Asbestos Litigation Division

STEPHEN SYLVESTER, Chief Environmental Bureau North

BY: /s Christopher Grant CHRISTOPHER J. GRANT **KEVIN GARSTKA Environmental Bureau** Assistant Attorneys General 69 W. Washington Street, #1800 Chicago, IL 60602 (312) 814-5388 (312) 814-1511 Christopher.grant@ilag.gov maria.cacaccio@ilag.gov

Primary e-mail address: Secondary e-mail address:

# BEFORE THE ILLINOIS POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS,	)
Complainant,	) ) )
V.	)
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municipal corporation, and	)
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## <u>MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE SURREPLY</u> <u>AND PROPOSED SURREPLY IN SUPPORT OF COMPLAINANT'S</u> <u>MOTION TO FILE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT</u>

Exhibit A

Electronic Filing: Received, Clerk's Office 08/30/2021 IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE THIRTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT **GRUNDY COUNTY, ILLINOIS** NO. 2020CH 3) CITY & Morris PLAINTYFE And <u>Illinnis Environmound</u> Protection Agences Detudate This matter having come before the court on "IT Morris's FIRST Amended Complitutt, the proties NAVIN APPEARED, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED A For the reasons stated on the record in Dependants Join Mation is granted And the Amerided romphint is dismisse @ As further described on the record, the courts finding is ansed prompts on LACKS Justicability and Repeavess, DATE \_\_\_\_\_\_ 18-25-21

JUDGE

1 STATE OF ILLINOIS ) ) SS: COUNTY OF GRUNDY 2 ) 3 IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE 13TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT GRUNDY COUNTY - ILLINOIS 4 5 CITY OF MORRIS, an Illinois ) Municipal Corporation, ) 6 ) Plaintiff, ) 7 ) - vs -) 2020 CH 31 8 ) PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS ) 9 and ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL ) PROTECTION AGENCY, ) 10 ) Defendants. ) 11 12 REPORT OF PROCEEDINGS had in the above-entitled cause before the HONORABLE LANCE R. PETERSON, Judge of 13 said Court, on the 25th day of August, 2021. 14 15 APPEARANCES: 16 MR. RICHARD PORTER 17 MR. CHRISTOPHER DEARTH 18 Attorneys at Law 19 Appeared on behalf of the Plaintiff; 20 21 MR. CHRISTOPHER GRANT 22 MR. KEVIN GARSTKA 23 Attorneys at Law 24 Appeared on behalf of the Defendants.

THE COURT: 20 CH 31, City of Morris versus People of
 the State of Illinois and the EPA. And, gentlemen, do you
 want to make your appearance of record?
 MR. PORTER: Sure, your Honor. Rick Porter on behalf
 of the City of Morris.
 MR. DEARTH: Chris Dearth on behalf of the City of

7 Morris.

8 MR. GRANT: Christopher Grant on behalf of the State9 of Illinois.

MR. GARSTKA: Kevin Garstka on behalf of the State of Il Illinois.

THE COURT: All right. This cause comes before the 12 Court for ruling on the State's motion to dismiss. It's a 13 14 combined motion to dismiss 615 and 619. And I've read all 15 the materials. And, again, today is for the parties to 16 get an answer. All right. The Court is going to grant the motion, but based only on justiciability. My ruling 17 is that there is not yet a justiciable issue in this case. 18 There's just a notice. There has been no enforcement 19 action initiated yet. I know that the State filed -- or 20 I'm sorry -- cited the case I think Illini that explains 21 that the whole thing is set up to try to get cases 22 resolved without litigation. I think they quoted to 23 24 respond now and litigate later.

1 In this case the Section 31 notice, all it 2 does is put the City on notice that the State has 3 information that there may be a violation. And the 4 issues, I'm going to just summarize to keep it simple, the 5 issues are they may have to do something different with 6 their groundwater testing and they may have to close the 7 facility some day. If we file an enforcement action and 8 we were to win, those are the things that might happen in 9 the future, and there isn't an enforcement action yet, I 10 think this case is square with the National Marine case. 11 And I'm going to point out in the other two cases cited by 12 the parties, Illini Environmental and Alternate Fuels, the 13 difference, because I think the notice process can result 14 in a ripe issue. This is a ripeness decision issue. And 15 it can in certain circumstances. And those two cases are 16 good examples. In Alternate Fuels, the notice process, the way it went along, resulted in the requiring of a 17 18 permit that halted the business's operations. So what they do, how they make money had to stop. And then they 19 20 were at the will of the agency and its delays, and the 21 court noted in that case that they were really out of 22 administrative remedies. There was nothing left to do. And then they had to just wait for the State to file an 23 24 enforcement action of some sort, and time is money. So

the issue did become ripe because of how the notice 1 process went in Alternate Fuels. Same thing in Illini. 2 In Illini Environmental, the issue, an issue, an issue 3 became ripe and justiciable again because of the process. 4 The notice process that was dealt with in Illini there's 5 notice of violation and then the process was the facility 6 can submit a proposal for remediation, a plan, and there 7 8 were timelines set forth, and then if the EPA fails to reject that proposal, it becomes binding. And in that 9 case the facility's position was the EPA failed to 10 correctly reject their proposal and that it became binding 11 and it was based on a misnomer. The State had a -- they 12 named the wrong person, the wrong entity in their 13 rejection letter. But the bottom line is if at that point 14 Illini took the position, well, they didn't reject it 15 correctly so it's under the statute and under the 16 procedure it's now binding, you got a ripe issue now. 17 That's how the process gets you to a ripe issue and it did 18 in two cases. But this is more like the Alternate Fuels 19 case. There is no ripe issue. In fact, delay in this 20 case can only benefit the City of Morris. There's two 21 results here. Either the City of Morris is never ordered 22 23 to do any remediation work or it is. Their hand is not 24 being forced. In fact, really procedurally the City took

action only when they learned that the State was finally 1 2 going to take action. That's what happened here. So 3 there's not a justiciable issue at this point. I think there will be very soon because I think once this ruling 4 5 gets down to Springfield the motion to amend the complaint 6 is pending before the PVC, I would expect it granted. If not, then we will back here. But in light of this, I 7 would expect that it would be granted. They're already 8 hearing substantial and similar issues, which gets me to 9 10 the second just commentary. There are -- and this is on 11 the State's argument that the same matter is being handled 12 by another court. There are additional violations with a '13 notice versus the '11 and there are some additional 13 defenses that deal with the '13 notice. There will be a 14 few different legal arguments, but I agree with this: The 15 16 elephant in the room, whether they are in fact an owner and operator is the same, and so when you go through that 17 it relates to the policies that also support this Court's 18 ruling on the justiciability issue, which is, one, the act 19 is set up to avoid litigation, and this process does the 20 opposite. We think they may file so we'll file first and 21 also try to pick the venue. That's the second. If I were 22 to rule the other way, I think it promotes venue shopping, 23 which is bad policy. And then the last two that are 24

inner-related, which is there's another court, another 1 2 judicial body that would be deciding that same very 3 significant issue. If I kept this case, if this case were 4 to continue, you would have two different courts, in 5 essence, two different judicial bodies of equal authority in this situation deciding the same major issue that is 6 probably going to be the issue that drives everything in 7 8 this case, which is bad policy, bad -- and then judicial 9 economy. We already got an entity that's up to their 10 elbows in this already that's handling this, and to have 11 two courts doing it is not what we call judicial economy. 12 And also, I don't know, put this under miscellaneous, there's something about the fact that they said -- through 13 14 the negotiations when the State finally says do you know 15 what, I don't think we're going to get anywhere, we're 16 probably just going to have to amend our complaint and then the City runs off to a court and files something when 17 they already know there's a PVC action, next time, you 18 know, counsel is probably not going to be forthright with 19 20 dealing with the next lawyer that's handling a matter like 21 this because I can't tell them because then they might pull something on us and we end up having to go through 22 all this. There's numerous policy reasons that I think 23 24 also are supported by the fact that this should be before

one body. And there's no issue yet here. It's just sort 1 of a sidenote as to why it really belongs all in one place 2 3 in Springfield. And the fact that this is not justiciable yet and how this proceeded is exemplified, it hit me as I 4 5 read through all the substance of all the allegations 6 because the whole thing is bad news. This whole motion 7 process is bad news. The City's entire pleading is a defense, all defenses. It's just putting on every defense 8 they're going to have if there is an enforcement action. 9 10 And then the irony that the State is now filing a motion 11 to dismiss, what in essence are defenses, the whole thing 12 is just bad news. It's like one giant Michael Jackson 13 moonwalk procedurally. It's just bizarre. As I read it, 14 I'm like this is so backwards and I kept thinking this is 15 so backwards. And then it just all -- you know, the 16 further I got along I realized I know why. It's because 17 the State should get to choose. If they decide to 18 enforce, they should get to take the first step unless you 19 come under certain circumstances like in Illini and 20 Alternate Fuels where the agency acts in a way or the process, the notice process guides things a way where you 21 come to a halt and something has to happen, you can get a 22 23 ripe issue. That's not in this case. And I may have misspoken. National Marine is the case that I believe is 24

1 closest to this case and applies.

All right. So the question is do you want to draft an order? I had thought I might have time to write a decision, but I have not had the time. This summer has been a crazy one. So if you want to draft an order.

MR. PORTER: Your Honor, I would suggest yes, there
should be a written order. And obviously the State won so
they should probably take the first half and circulate it.
THE COURT: Just say for reasons stated on the
record. I think that covers it.

MR. GRANT: I think that's fine, your Honor. That would be the easiest. I'm going to order a copy of the transcript for today so we will have what it is for reasons stated on the record. My understanding is you're not making any findings about ownership or --

17 THE COURT: Oh, no, no, no. Exactly. There was no 18 need. Once that issue of justiciability, once I concluded 19 that that was going to be my ruling, then there's no need 20 for me to even comment on all the substantive stuff that's 21 coming down the line.

22 MR. PORTER: Judge, not to -- the justiciability 23 issue was not a basis of their original motion to dismiss. 24 It was brought up in the reply brief.

MR. GRANT: We cited those cases in our initial brief 1 2 and in their response they raised the issue of justiciability which gave us I think a reason to respond 3 4 to their argument and our reply with those two cases. But 5 we have cited Alternate Fuels and I think National Marine in our original brief. I don't know if we had it as 6 7 justiciability. We did raise that in our initial brief. 8 MR. PORTER: So, Judge, so we understand what's 9 happening, counsel is going to circulate a potential 10 ruling to me and then send it to the Court. That will 11 then be entered and that will be the final ruling, if you 12 will, once you --

13 THE COURT: Sure. Once I sign that, then that gives 14 you your 30 days.

15 MR. GRANT: I would suggest and see if we just do the 16 motion is granted for reasons stated on the record in open court. Plaintiff's motion dismissed -- or the State's 17 18 motion to dismiss is granted, period. That we can do 19 today rather than -- and then I'm not taking into any 20 justiciability or the, you know, the other filing in the other court or anything like that. That's going to be 21 contained in the transcript. So what do you think about 22 23 that?

24 MR. PORTER: As long as we have transcripts, I guess

I can't fathom a basis to object to that. THE COURT: Sure. If you want, I have to -- I'm filling in, so I got to hear an order of protection here. It will probably take me 15 minutes if you want to draft that now. MR. GRANT: Sure. THE COURT: That's fine. I think a written order citing the reasons stated on the record. If you want to put in there that it was granted on ripeness/justiciability issue, that's fine. All right. MR. GRANT: All right. THE COURT: All right. Thank you. MR. GRANT: Thank you, your Honor. (Proceeding concluded.) 

STATE OF ILLINOIS ) SS: ) COUNTY OF GRUNDY ) I, SARA E. OLSON, hereby certify that I reported stenographically the proceedings had at the hearing in the above-entitled cause, and that the above and foregoing is a true, correct, and complete transcript of my stenographic notes so taken at the time and place hereinbefore set forth. Don Date: 8-26-21 SARA E. OLSON, CSR